





















## Mission for Natural Heritage

Contributing to nature restoration with Thematic Projects' practices and common policy recommendations

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# Policy Recommendations on Restoration

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### The Natural Heritage Community





R Community4Nature

Dialogue4Nature

Other Key Stakeholders

Associated Partners

Thematic Projects















## **Yearly Policy and Advocacy Support**

- 2 online webinars per year offering capacity-building and encouraging knowledge sharing
- in-person event per year dealing with a specific policy issue related to the current policy agenda



Sharing the views from the Natural Heritage Community on a specific topic (this year, restoration), that is aligned with strategic policy discussion, with working group focus and with thematic projects

To be positioned at key Mediterranean, European and international events













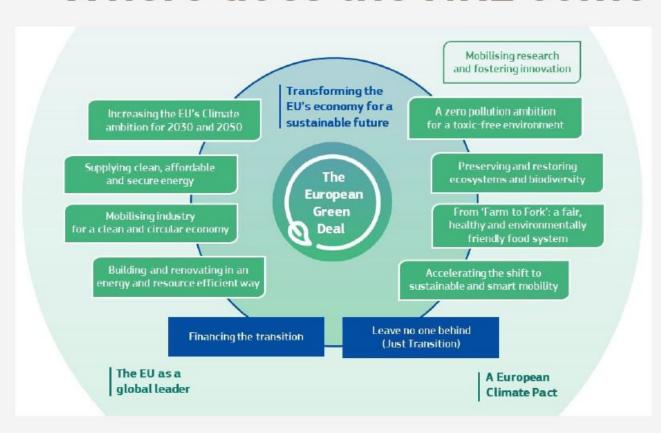


#### What is Target 2?

Restore 30% of all **Degraded Ecosystems** 

Ensure that by 2030 at least 30 per cent of areas of degraded terrestrial, inland water, and coastal and marine ecosystems are under effective restoration, to enhance biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, ecological integrity and connectivity.

#### Where does the NRL come from?



#### **European Green Deal**

- O EU's flagship initiative to put us on the path to reach climate neutrality by 2050.
- EU's biodiversity strategy for 2030
  - Functions as the EU's National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (NBSAP) to the Global Biodiversity Framework, so it aligns with global biodiversity goals
- One of the objectives of the NRL is to meet the EU's international commitments, such as the GBF















#### **Context & Objectives**

- Aim: Provide actionable recommendations for the implementation of Target 2 GBF and NRL, bridge the ambition of high-level policy with on-the-ground action
- Focus first in Mediterranean coastal and marine areas
- Support the same goal of ecosystem restoration across all the Mediterranean. Stressing policy synergies.
- Role of Thematic Projects as a source of best practices, knowledge and solutions
- Call to action for urgent and ambitious efforts to bring Target 2 GBF and NRL to life in the Mediterranean











#### **Contents:**

Implementation challenges of Target 2 of the GBF and the NRL

Actionable recommendations for the implementation

of Target 2 of the GBF and the NRL

 How the Mission can contribute to effective implementation

The role of sub-national stakeholders for effective implementation

**Best practices** and **innovative solutions from** the Mission's projects

Group
recommendations
according to targets
(EU, national, regional,
sub-national
authorities) and sectors
(governments, civil
society, NGOS,
academia,...)











#### Some key facts and concepts

- Significant gap of scientific knowledge on marine ecosystems
- Importance of the non-deterioration clause
- In marine regions, passive restoration is the most important, tackling the root causes of degradation, reducing pressures. This must be a priority in National Restoration Plans.
- Interconnection of restoration. Source-to-sea concept.
- key role of the sub-national level in NRL implementation: although the regulation only contains obligations for Member States, they should consult sub-national authorities. Cities cannot be seen or treated as the last mile but as actors in the process.
- Acknowledge the ecological and environmental cost of war and conflicts.











#### Advocacy goals of the policy document

- Influencing major policy frameworks at different levels;
- Identify **gap**s in policy and funding;
- Give visibility to Interreg EuroMED project's outcomes

#### **Advocacy activities 2025**

- Align community communication efforts and campaigns with the outcomes of the Policy document
- Prepare **key messages and talking points** to be shared by the whole mission: eg. non-degradation principle; source to sea concept.

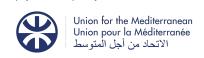
A project labelled by the UfM

 Meetings and conferences: present the outcomes during key events and specific bilateral meetings











## Transferability/uptake to principles and regulation to the Mediterranean

Atef Ouerghi, SPA/RAC











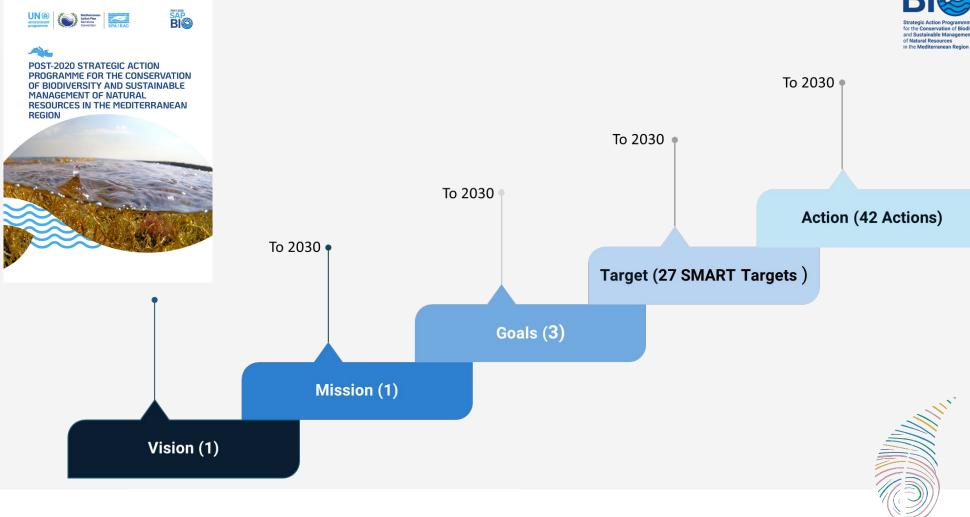




Protocol concerning Specially Protected Areas and Biological Diversity in the Mediterranean

The Protocol Concerning Specially Protocoted Areas and Biological Diversity in the Mediterranean (SPA/BD Protocol) was adopted on 10 June 1995. The Protocol entered into force on 12 December 1999, replacing the Protocol Concerning Mediterranean Specially Protocoted Areas, adopted on 3 April 1982, in the relationship among the Parties to both instruments.

The Annexes to the Protocol were adopted on 24 November 1996 and entered into force on 12 December 1999. Annex II was last amended on 20 December 2017 and amendments entered into force on 14 September 2018. Annex III was last amended on 6 December 2013 and amendments entered into force on 16 September 2018. Annex III was last amended on 6 December 2013 and amendments entered into force on 16 Apri 2015.













#### Goal 1. Reduce the threats to biodiversity

- 1. SPECIES AND HABITATS PLANS
- 2. SPECIES RECOVERY
- 3. MARITIME TRAFFIC
- 4. NIS/IAS COMMITMENT
- 5. NIS/IAS CAPACITY
- 6. NIS/IAS CONTROL
- 7. LITTER
- 8. EIA/SEA
- 9. WIND ENERGY
- 10. MINERALS
- 11. SPATIAL PLANNING
- 12. RESTORATION
- 13. CLIMATE CHANGE
- 14. GOOD ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS
- 15. MCPAs AND OECMs

Post-2020 SAPBIO Actions Table							
ACTION	Contributes to SAPBIO Targets	Start-up activ- ities	Expected Results for 2027	Expected Results for 2030	Priority Level	Scope	Links to relevant Strategies
Support restoration of ecosystems providing key services, those degraded and expected to become increasingly critical in a changing climate, such as wetlands and shallow seashore habitats among others	T1.6. T1.8. T3.5. T3.7.	Countries have developed the inventory of ecosystems with the highest ecological relevance and/or regeneration potential (as nursery areas, carbon stocks, avoiding coastal erosion, preventing or reducing the impact of natural disasters) such as Posidonia beds, coralligenous assemblages, wetlands, and dune systems,	Most Mediterranean countries have completed the inventory of eco- systems with the highest ecological relevance and/or highest regenera- tion potential, and have started res- toration activities on 30% of those selected, favouring nature-based solutions	All Mediterranean countries have developed inventory of ecosystems with the highest ecological relevance and/or regeneration potential, and most Mediterranean countries have completed restoration activities on most of those selected between the identified priority areas	High	REGIONAL and NATIONAL	SDG 14.2. Aichi T.15 CBD/GBF T.1 EU/2030 MAP/MTS 9 & 15 P BC/ICZM Protocol (2016)





















## WE GO COOP

Implementing a Community of Practice of Wetland Contracts at EuroMED Level

Romina D'Ascanio, Roma Tre University



#### THE PROJECT

Despite the need for conservation, Mediterranean wetlands are still **destroyed**, dried up and exploited.

The anthropic origin of wetland **deterioration** can only be effectively faced by setting a common governance strategy that overcomes complex territorial dynamics. **WE GO COOP** promotes the implementation of Wetland Contracts, a collaborative governance tool for negotiated planning of wetland, by:

Setting a Community of Practice among actors engaged in Wetland Contracts

Transferring the tool to new Mediterranean wetlands

#### **MAIN OUTPUTS**

Mediterranean Community of Practice on Wetland Contracts, supported by a virtual **collaborative platform**, promoting the exchange, capitalization and transfer of good practices.

**Strategies** for the implementation of Wetland Contracts in **three new pilots** (Croatia, Albania, Portugal) and at least one in the South and Middle East Mediterranean region.

**Exchanging practices and knowledge** on wetland collaborative governance at local level in countries already involved in wetland contract processes (Greece, italy, Spain).















EXPERIENCED WETLAND

- 1 CENTRAL REGION OF MACEDONIA Macedonia | ANATOLIKI
- 2 COAST OF AGROPONTINO
  Province of Latina, Italy | Università Roma Tre
- 3 ANDALUSIA AND VALENCIA REGIONS
  Spain | FAMP

NEW WETLAND CONTRACT PILOT

- 4 NATURE PARK VRANSKO JEZERO
- (5) VJOSA-NARTA PROTECTED AREA Albania | VRANSKO
- 6 CARVALHAL WETLANDS
  Portugal | RCDI

#### WHAT WE DO?



**WE GO COOP** aims to transfer the tool of Wetlad Contract at a local level in new EU nations (Croatia, Portugal and Albania),

Partners **PPNEA**, **VRANSKO** and **RCDI**, will organize a Roadshow in these new target areas with the support of experienced partners.

Using the **Roadshow Approach**, partners will be able to engage local **stakeholders** to:

- Define a strategy to activate a collaborative governance process based on the Wetland Contract tool
- Sign a Local Protocol to formalize the transferring of the Wetland Contract methodology

#### **OUR PARTNERS**



































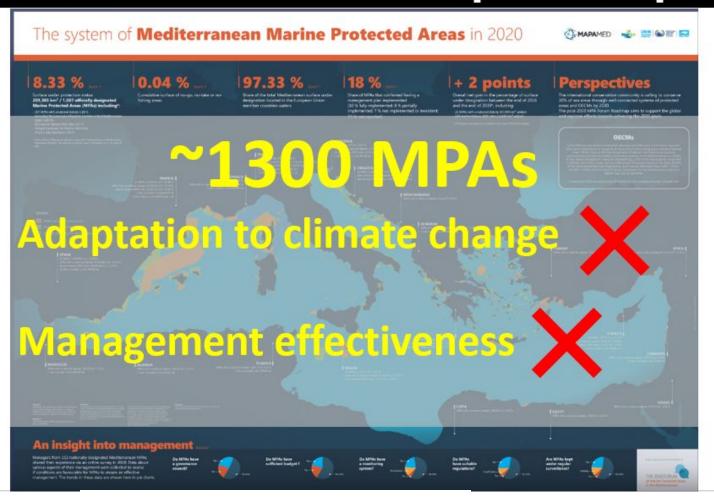
## MPA4CHANGE

## Building Resilient MPAs to Face Climate Emergency

Joaquim Garrabou, CSIC- Spanish Research Council



## Mediterranean a multiple hot spot





























2016-2019

2019-2022

2024-2025

# Marine Protected Areas as EFFECTIVE ocean based SOLUTIONS to adapt and mitigate CLIMATE EMERGENCY











## TOOLKITS FOR MPAs ADAPTATION ACTION PLANS TO CLIMATE CHANGE SUCCESFULY TESTED & IMPLEMENTED READY TO SCALE UP



## TOOLKITS FROM DATA COLLECTION TO MANGEMENT ACTIONS













#### 100MPA MedAlliance

Building resilient MPAs to face climate emergency by 2030



MPA4Change







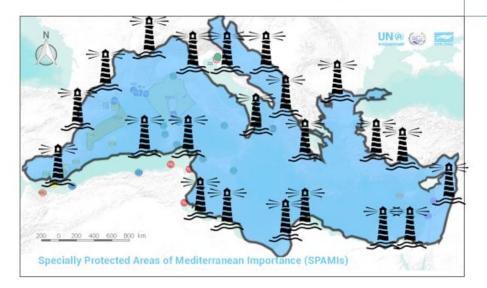












100 MPAs by 2030
have implemented
Climate Change
adaptation plans
across the Mediterranean







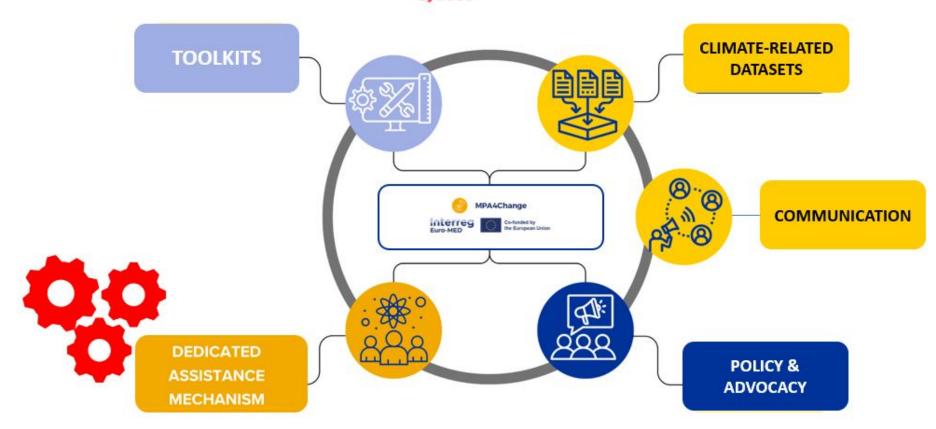






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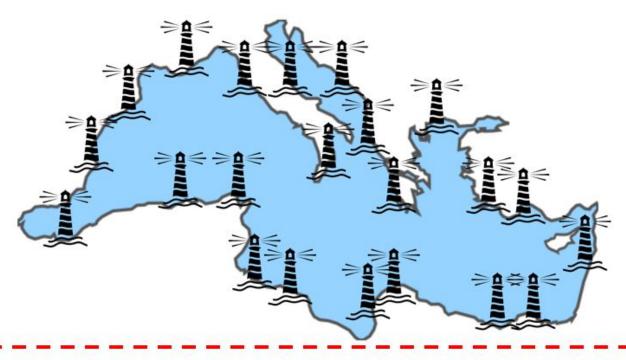




#### 100MPA MedAlliance

Building resilient MPAs to face climate emergency by 2030

## MPAs effective frontline for adaptation and mitigation to climate change



JOIN the 100 MPA MedAlliance campaign!





















